#### 111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1924

To amend the Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act, the Indian Tribal Justice Act, the Indian Tribal Justice Technical and Legal Assistance Act of 2000, and the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to improve the prosecution of, and response to, crimes in Indian country, and for other purposes.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 2, 2009

Ms. Herseth Sandlin (for herself, Mr. Kildee, and Mr. Grijalva) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committees on Natural Resources, Energy and Commerce, and Education and Labor, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

## A BILL

To amend the Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act, the Indian Tribal Justice Act, the Indian Tribal Justice Technical and Legal Assistance Act of 2000, and the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to improve the prosecution of, and response to, crimes in Indian country, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Tribal Law and Order Act of 2009".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents of
- 5 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Findings; purposes.
  - Sec. 3. Definitions.
  - Sec. 4. Severability clause.

#### TITLE I—FEDERAL ACCOUNTABILITY AND COORDINATION

- Sec. 101. Office of Justice Services responsibilities.
- Sec. 102. Declination reports.
- Sec. 103. Prosecution of crimes in Indian country.
- Sec. 104. Administration.

#### TITLE II—STATE ACCOUNTABILITY AND COORDINATION

- Sec. 201. State criminal jurisdiction and resources.
- Sec. 202. Incentives for State, tribal, and local law enforcement cooperation.

## TITLE III—EMPOWERING TRIBAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES AND TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS

- Sec. 301. Tribal police officers.
- Sec. 302. Drug enforcement in Indian country.
- Sec. 303. Access to national criminal information databases.
- Sec. 304. Tribal court sentencing authority.
- Sec. 305. Indian Law and Order Commission.

#### TITLE IV—TRIBAL JUSTICE SYSTEMS

- Sec. 401. Indian alcohol and substance abuse.
- Sec. 402. Indian tribal justice; technical and legal assistance.
- Sec. 403. Tribal resources grant program.
- Sec. 404. Tribal jails program.
- Sec. 405. Tribal probation office liaison program.
- Sec. 406. Tribal youth program.

## TITLE V—INDIAN COUNTRY CRIME DATA COLLECTION AND INFORMATION SHARING

- Sec. 501. Tracking of crimes committed in Indian country.
- Sec. 502. Grants to improve tribal data collection systems.
- Sec. 503. Criminal history record improvement program.

## TITLE VI—DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND SEXUAL ASSAULT PROSECUTION AND PREVENTION

- Sec. 601. Prisoner release and reentry.
- Sec. 602. Domestic and sexual violent offense training.

Sec. 603. Testimony by Federal employees in cases of rape and sexual assault.

Sec. 604. Coordination of Federal agencies.

Sec. 605. Sexual assault protocol.

### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS; PURPOSES.

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2	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
3	(1) the United States has distinct legal, treaty,
4	and trust obligations to provide for the public safety
5	of tribal communities;
6	(2) several States have been delegated or have
7	accepted responsibility to provide for the public safe-
8	ty of tribal communities within the borders of the
9	States;
10	(3) Congress and the President have acknowl-
11	edged that—
12	(A) tribal law enforcement officers are
13	often the first responders to crimes on Indian
14	reservations; and
15	(B) tribal justice systems are ultimately
16	the most appropriate institutions for maintain-
17	ing law and order in tribal communities;
18	(4) less than 3,000 tribal and Federal law en-
19	forcement officers patrol more than 56,000,000
20	acres of Indian country, which reflects less than ½
21	of the law enforcement presence in comparable rural
22	communities nationwide;
23	(5) on many Indian reservations, law enforce-

ment officers respond to distress or emergency calls

- without backup and travel to remote locations without adequate radio communication or access to national crime information database systems;
  - (6) the majority of tribal detention facilities were constructed decades before the date of enactment of this Act and must be or will soon need to be replaced, creating a multibillion-dollar backlog in facility needs;
  - (7) a number of Indian country offenders face no consequences for minor crimes, and many such offenders are released due to severe overcrowding in existing detention facilities;

### (8) tribal courts—

- (A) are the primary arbiters of criminal and civil justice for actions arising in Indian country; but
  - (B) have been historically underfunded;
- (9) tribal courts have no criminal jurisdiction over non-Indian persons, and the sentencing authority of tribal courts is limited to sentences of not more than 1 year of imprisonment for Indian offenders, forcing tribal communities to rely solely on the Federal Government and certain State governments for the prosecution of—

1	(A) misdemeanors committed by non-In-
2	dian persons; and
3	(B) all felony crimes in Indian country;
4	(10) a significant percentage of cases referred
5	to Federal agencies for prosecution of crimes alleg-
6	edly occurring in tribal communities are declined to
7	be prosecuted;
8	(11) the complicated jurisdictional scheme that
9	exists in Indian country—
10	(A) has a significant negative impact on
11	the ability to provide public safety to Indian
12	communities; and
13	(B) has been increasingly exploited by
14	criminals;
15	(12) the violent crime rate in Indian country
16	is—
17	(A) nearly twice the national average; and
18	(B) more than 20 times the national aver-
19	age on some Indian reservations;
20	(13)(A) domestic and sexual violence against
21	Indian and Alaska Native women has reached epi-
22	demic proportions;
23	(B) 34 percent of Indian and Alaska Native
24	women will be raped in their lifetimes; and

- 1 (C) 39 percent of Indian and Alaska Native 2 women will be subject to domestic violence;
- 14) the lack of police presence and resources
  in Indian country has resulted in significant delays
  in responding to victims' calls for assistance, which
  adversely affects the collection of evidence needed to
  prosecute crimes, particularly crimes of domestic
  and sexual violence;
  - (15) alcohol and drug abuse plays a role in more than 80 percent of crimes committed in tribal communities;
  - (16) the rate of methamphetamine addiction in tribal communities is 3 times the national average;
  - (17) the Department of Justice has reported that drug organizations have increasingly targeted Indian country to produce and distribute methamphetamine, citing the limited law enforcement presence and jurisdictional confusion as reasons for the increased activity;
  - (18) tribal communities face significant increases in instances of domestic violence, burglary, assault, and child abuse as a direct result of increased methamphetamine use on Indian reservations;

1	(19)(A) criminal jurisdiction in Indian country
2	is complex, and responsibility for Indian country law
3	enforcement is shared among Federal, tribal, and
4	State authorities; and
5	(B) that complexity requires a high degree of
6	commitment and cooperation from Federal and
7	State officials that can be difficult to establish;
8	(20) agreements for cooperation among cer-
9	tified tribal and State law enforcement officers have
10	proven to improve law enforcement in tribal commu-
11	nities;
12	(21) consistent communication among tribal
13	Federal, and State law enforcement agencies has
14	proven to increase public safety and justice in tribal
15	and nearby communities; and
16	(22) crime data is a fundamental tool of law en-
17	forcement, but for decades the Bureau of Indian Af-
18	fairs and the Department of Justice have not been
19	able to coordinate or consistently report crime and
20	prosecution rates in tribal communities.
21	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—

- (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—
- (1) to clarify the responsibilities of Federal, State, tribal, and local governments with respect to crimes committed in tribal communities;

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1	(2) to increase coordination and communication
2	among Federal, State, tribal, and local law enforce-
3	ment agencies;
4	(3) to empower tribal governments with the au-
5	thority, resources, and information necessary to
6	safely and effectively provide for the safety of the
7	public in tribal communities;
8	(4) to reduce the prevalence of violent crime in
9	tribal communities and to combat violence against
10	Indian and Alaska Native women;
11	(5) to address and prevent drug trafficking and
12	reduce rates of alcohol and drug addiction in Indian
13	country; and
14	(6) to increase and standardize the collection of
15	criminal data and the sharing of criminal history in-
16	formation among Federal, State, and tribal officials
17	responsible for responding to and investigating
18	crimes in tribal communities.
19	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
20	(a) In General.—In this Act:
21	(1) Indian community.—The term "Indian
22	community" means a community of a federally rec-

ognized Indian tribe.

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1	(2) Indian country.—The term "Indian coun-
2	try" has the meaning given the term in section 1151
3	of title 18, United States Code.
4	(3) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe"
5	has the meaning given the term in section 102 of the
6	Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994
7	(25 U.S.C. 479a).
8	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
9	the Secretary of the Interior.
10	(5) Tribal Government.—The term "tribal
11	government" means the governing body of an Indian
12	tribe.
13	(b) Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act.—
14	Section 2 of the Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act (25
15	U.S.C. 2801) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
16	lowing:
17	"(10) Tribal justice official.—The term
18	'tribal justice official' means—
19	"(A) a tribal prosecutor;
20	"(B) a tribal law enforcement officer; or
21	"(C) any other person responsible for in-
22	vestigating or prosecuting an alleged criminal
23	offense in tribal court.".

## 1 SEC. 4. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE.

2	If any provision of this Act, an amendment made this
3	Act, or the application of such provision or amendment
4	to any person or circumstance is held to be unconstitu-
5	tional, the remainder of this Act, the amendments made
6	by this Act, and the application of the provisions of such
7	to any person or circumstances shall not be affected there-
8	by.
9	TITLE I—FEDERAL ACCOUNT-
10	ABILITY AND COORDINATION
11	SEC. 101. OFFICE OF JUSTICE SERVICES RESPONSIBIL-
12	ITIES.
13	(a) Definitions.—Section 2 of the Indian Law En-
14	forcement Reform Act (25 U.S.C. 2801) is amended—
15	(1) by striking paragraph (8);
16	(2) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through
17	(7) as paragraphs (2) through (8), respectively;
18	(3) by redesignating paragraph (9) as para-
19	graph (1) and moving the paragraphs so as to ap-
20	pear in numerical order; and
21	(4) in paragraph (1) (as redesignated by para-
22	graph (3)), by striking "Division of Law Enforce-
23	ment Services" and inserting "Office of Justice
24	Services".

1	(b) Additional Responsibilities of Office.—
2	Section 3 of the Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act (25
3	U.S.C. 2802) is amended—
4	(1) in subsection (b), by striking "(b) There is
5	hereby established within the Bureau a Division of
6	Law Enforcement Services which" and inserting the
7	following:
8	"(b) Office of Justice Services.—There is estab-
9	lished in the Bureau an office, to be known as the 'Office
10	of Justice Services', that";
11	(2) in subsection (c)—
12	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
13	by striking "Division of Law Enforcement Serv-
14	ices" and inserting "Office of Justice Services";
15	(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting "and,
16	with the consent of the Indian tribe, tribal
17	criminal laws, including testifying in tribal
18	court" before the semicolon at the end;
19	(C) in paragraph (8), by striking "and" at
20	the end;
21	(D) in paragraph (9), by striking the pe-
22	riod at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
23	(E) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(10) the development and provision of dispatch
25	and emergency and E-911 services;

"(11) communicating with tribal leaders, tribal community and victims' advocates, tribal justice officials, and residents of Indian land on a regular basis regarding public safety and justice concerns facing tribal communities;

"(12) conducting meaningful and timely consultation with tribal leaders and tribal justice officials in the development of regulatory policies and other actions that affect public safety and justice in Indian country;

"(13) providing technical assistance and training to tribal law enforcement officials to gain access and input authority to utilize the National Criminal Information Center and other national crime information databases pursuant to section 534 of title 28, United States Code;

"(14) in coordination with the Attorney General pursuant to subsection (g) of section 302 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3732), collecting, analyzing, and reporting data regarding Indian country crimes on an annual basis;

"(15) submitting to the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives, for each

1	fiscal year, a detailed spending report regarding
2	tribal public safety and justice programs that in-
3	cludes—
4	"(A)(i) the number of full-time employees
5	of the Bureau and tribal government who serve
6	as—
7	"(I) criminal investigators;
8	"(II) uniform police;
9	"(III) police and emergency dis-
10	patchers;
11	"(IV) detention officers;
12	"(V) executive personnel, including
13	special agents in charge, and directors and
14	deputies of various offices in the Office of
15	Justice Services; or
16	"(VI) tribal court judges, prosecutors,
17	public defenders, or related staff; and
18	"(ii) the amount of appropriations obli-
19	gated for each category described in clause (i)
20	for each fiscal year;
21	"(B) a list of amounts dedicated to law en-
22	forcement and corrections, vehicles, related
23	transportation costs, equipment, inmate trans-
24	portation costs, inmate transfer costs, replace-
25	ment, improvement, and repair of facilities, per-

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sonnel transfers, detailees and costs related to their details, emergency events, public safety and justice communications and technology costs, and tribal court personnel, facilities, and related program costs;

"(C) a list of the unmet staffing needs of law enforcement, corrections, and court personnel at tribal and Bureau of Indian Affairs justice agencies, the replacement and repair needs of tribal and Bureau corrections facilities, needs for tribal police and court facilities, and public safety and emergency communications and technology needs; and

"(D) the formula, priority list or other methodology used to determine the method of disbursement of funds for the public safety and justice programs administered by the Office of Justice Services;

"(16) submitting to the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives, for each fiscal year, a report summarizing the technical assistance, training, and other support provided to tribal law enforcement and corrections agencies that operate relevant programs pursuant to self-deter-

1	mination contracts or self-governance compacts with
2	the Bureau of Indian Affairs; and
3	"(17) promulgating regulations to carry out
4	this Act, and routinely reviewing and updating, as
5	necessary, the regulations contained in subchapter B
6	of title 25, Code of Federal Regulations (or suc-
7	cessor regulations).";
8	(3) in subsection (d)—
9	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "Division
10	of Law Enforcement Services" and inserting
11	"Office of Justice Services";
12	(B) in paragraph (3)—
13	(i) by striking "regulations which
14	shall establish" and inserting "regulations,
15	which shall—
16	"(A) establish";
17	(ii) by striking "reservation." and in-
18	serting "reservation; but"; and
19	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
20	lowing:
21	"(B) support the enforcement of tribal
22	laws and investigation of offenses against tribal
23	criminal laws."; and

1	(C) in paragraph (4)(i), in the first sen-
2	tence, by striking "Division" and inserting "Of-
3	fice of Justice Services";
4	(4) in subsection (e), by striking "Division of
5	Law Enforcement Services" each place it appears
6	and inserting "Office of Justice Services"; and
7	(5) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(f) Long-Term Plan for Tribal Detention
9	Programs.—Not later than 1 year after the date of en-
10	actment of this subsection, the Secretary, acting through
11	the Bureau, in coordination with the Department of Jus-
12	tice and in consultation with tribal leaders, tribal law en-
13	forcement officers, and tribal corrections officials, shall
14	submit to Congress a long-term plan to address incarcer-
15	ation in Indian country, including a description of—
16	"(1) proposed activities for the construction of
17	detention facilities (including regional facilities) on
18	Indian land;
19	"(2) proposed activities for the construction of
20	additional Federal detention facilities on Indian
21	land;
22	"(3) proposed activities for contracting with
23	State and local detention centers, upon approval of
24	affected tribal governments;

- 1 "(4) proposed activities for alternatives to in-2 carceration, developed in cooperation with tribal 3 court systems; and
- "(5) other such alternatives to incarceration as the Secretary, in coordination with the Bureau and in consultation with tribal representatives, determines to be necessary.
- 8 "(g) Law Enforcement Personnel of Bureau 9 and Indian Tribes.—
- 10 "(1) Report.—Not later than 60 days after
  11 the date of enactment of this subsection, the Sec12 retary shall submit to the Committee on Indian Af13 fairs of the Senate and the Committee on Natural
  14 Resources of the House of Representatives a report
  15 regarding vacancies in law enforcement personnel of
  16 Bureau and Indian tribes.
  - "(2) Long-term plan.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this subsection, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives a long-term plan to address law enforcement personnel needs in Indian country.".

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1	(c) Law Enforcement Authority.—Section 4 of
2	the Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act (25 U.S.C.
3	2803) is amended—
4	(1) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking "), or" and
5	inserting "or offenses committed on Federal prop-
6	erty processed by the Central Violations Bureau);
7	or''; and
8	(2) in paragraph (3), by striking subparagraphs
9	(A) through (C) and inserting the following:
10	"(A) the offense is committed in the pres-
11	ence of the employee; or
12	"(B) the offense is a Federal crime and
13	the employee has reasonable grounds to believe
14	that the person to be arrested has committed,
15	or is committing, the crime;".
16	SEC. 102. DECLINATION REPORTS.
17	Section 10 of the Indian Law Enforcement Reform
18	Act (25 U.S.C. 2809) is amended by striking subsections
19	(a) through (d) and inserting the following:
20	"(a) Reports.—
21	"(1) Law enforcement officials.—Subject
22	to subsection (d), if a law enforcement officer or em-
23	ployee of any Federal department or agency declines
24	to initiate an investigation of an alleged violation of
25	Federal law in Indian country, or terminates such

1	an investigation without referral for prosecution, the
2	officer or employee shall—
3	"(A) submit to the appropriate tribal jus-
4	tice officials evidence, including related reports,
5	relevant to the case that would advance pros-
6	ecution of the case in a tribal court; and
7	"(B) submit to the Office of Indian Coun-
8	try Crime relevant information regarding all
9	declinations of alleged violations of Federal law
10	in Indian country, including—
11	"(i) the type of crime alleged;
12	"(ii) the status of the accused as an
13	Indian or non-Indian;
14	"(iii) the status of the victim as an
15	Indian; and
16	"(iv) the reason for declining to ini-
17	tiate, open, or terminate the investigation.
18	"(2) United States attorneys.—Subject to
19	subsection (d), if a United States Attorney declines
20	to prosecute, or acts to terminate prosecution of, an
21	alleged violation of Federal law in Indian country,
22	the United States Attorney shall—
23	"(A) submit to the appropriate tribal jus-
24	tice official, sufficiently in advance of the tribal
25	statute of limitations, evidence relevant to the

1	case to permit the tribal prosecutor to pursue
2	the case in tribal court; and
3	"(B) submit to the Office of Indian Coun-
4	try Crime and the appropriate tribal justice of-
5	ficial relevant information regarding all declina-
6	tions of alleged violations of Federal law in In-
7	dian country, including—
8	"(i) the type of crime alleged;
9	"(ii) the status of the accused as an
10	Indian or non-Indian;
11	"(iii) the status of the victim as an
12	Indian; and
13	"(iv) the reason for the determination
14	to decline or terminate the prosecution.
15	"(b) Maintenance of Records.—
16	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Office
17	of Indian Country Crime shall establish and main-
18	tain a compilation of information received under
19	paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) relating to
20	declinations.
21	"(2) Availability to congress.—Each com-
22	pilation under paragraph (1) shall be made available
23	to Congress on an annual basis.
24	"(c) Inclusion of Case Files.—A report sub-
25	mitted to the appropriate tribal justice officials under

- 1 paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) may include the
- 2 case file, including evidence collected and statements
- 3 taken that could support an investigation or prosecution
- 4 by the appropriate tribal justice officials.
- 5 "(d) Effect of Section.—
- 6 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this section re-
- 7 quires any Federal agency or official to transfer or
- 8 disclose any confidential or privileged communica-
- 9 tion, information, or source to an official of any In-
- dian tribe.
- 11 "(2) Federal rules of Criminal Proce-
- DURE.—Rule 6 of the Federal Rules of Criminal
- 13 Procedure shall apply to this section.
- "(3) REGULATIONS.—Each Federal agency re-
- quired to submit a report pursuant to this section
- shall adopt, by regulation, standards for the protec-
- tion of confidential or privileged communications, in-
- formation, and sources under paragraph (1).".
- 19 SEC. 103. PROSECUTION OF CRIMES IN INDIAN COUNTRY.
- 20 (a) Appointment of Special Prosecutors.—Sec-
- 21 tion 543 of title 28, United States Code, is amended—
- 22 (1) in subsection (a), by inserting before the pe-
- riod at the end the following: ", including the ap-
- pointment of qualified tribal prosecutors and other

- 1 qualified attorneys to assist in prosecuting Federal
- 2 offenses committed in Indian country"; and
- 3 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 4 "(c) Sense of Congress Regarding Consulta-
- 5 TION.—It is the sense of Congress that, in appointing at-
- 6 torneys under this section to serve as special prosecutors
- 7 in Indian country, the Attorney General should consult
- 8 with tribal justice officials of each Indian tribe that would
- 9 be affected by the appointment.".
- 10 (b) Tribal Liaisons.—The Indian Law Enforce-
- 11 ment Reform Act (25 U.S.C. 2801 et seq.) is amended
- 12 by adding at the end the following:
- 13 "SEC. 11. ASSISTANT UNITED STATES ATTORNEY TRIBAL LI-
- 14 AISONS.
- 15 "(a) APPOINTMENT.—Each United States Attorney
- 16 the district of which includes Indian country shall appoint
- 17 not less than 1 assistant United States Attorney to serve
- 18 as a tribal liaison for the district.
- 19 "(b) Duties.—A tribal liaison shall be responsible
- 20 for the following activities in the district of the tribal liai-
- 21 son:
- 22 "(1) Coordinating the prosecution of Federal
- crimes that occur in Indian country.

- 1 "(2) Developing multidisciplinary teams to com-2 bat child abuse and domestic and sexual violence of-3 fenses against Indians.
  - "(3) Consulting and coordinating with tribal justice officials and victims' advocates to address any backlog in the prosecution of major crimes in Indian country in the district.
  - "(4) Developing working relationships and maintaining communication with tribal leaders, tribal community and victims' advocates, and tribal justice officials to gather information from, and share appropriate information with, tribal justice officials.
  - "(5) Coordinating with tribal prosecutors in cases in which a tribal government has concurrent jurisdiction over an alleged crime, in advance of the expiration of any applicable statute of limitation.
  - "(6) Providing technical assistance and training regarding evidence gathering techniques to tribal justice officials and other individuals and entities that are instrumental to responding to Indian country crimes.
  - "(7) Conducting training sessions and seminars to certify special law enforcement commissions to tribal justice officials and other individuals and enti-

1	ties responsible for responding to Indian country
2	crimes.
3	"(8) Coordinating with the Office of Indian
4	Country Crime, as necessary.
5	"(9) Conducting such other activities to address
6	and prevent violent crime in Indian country as the
7	applicable United States Attorney determines to be
8	appropriate.
9	"(c) Sense of Congress Regarding Evalua-
10	TIONS OF TRIBAL LIAISONS.—
11	"(1) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
12	"(A) many tribal communities rely solely
13	on United States Attorneys offices to prosecute
14	felony and misdemeanor crimes occurring on
15	Indian land; and
16	"(B) tribal liaisons have dual obligations
17	of—
18	"(i) coordinating prosecutions of In-
19	dian country crime; and
20	"(ii) developing relationships with
21	tribal communities and serving as a link
22	between tribal communities and the Fed-
23	eral justice process.
24	"(2) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of
25	Congress that the Attorney General should—

1	"(A) take all appropriate actions to en-
2	courage the aggressive prosecution of all crimes
3	committed in Indian country; and
4	"(B) when appropriate, take into consider-
5	ation the dual responsibilities of tribal liaisons
6	described in paragraph (1)(B) in evaluating the
7	performance of the tribal liaisons.
8	"(d) Enhanced Prosecution of Minor
9	Crimes.—
10	"(1) In General.—Each United States Attor-
11	ney serving a district that includes Indian country is
12	authorized and encouraged—
13	"(A) to appoint Special Assistant United
14	States Attorneys pursuant to section 543(a) of
15	title 28, United States Code, to prosecute
16	crimes in Indian country as necessary to im-
17	prove the administration of justice, and particu-
18	larly when—
19	"(i) the crime rate exceeds the na-
20	tional average crime rate; or
21	"(ii) the rate at which criminal of-
22	fenses are declined to be prosecuted ex-
23	ceeds the national average declination rate;
24	"(B) to coordinate with applicable United
25	States magistrate and district courts—

1	"(i) to ensure the provision of docket
2	time for prosecutions of Indian country
3	crimes; and
4	"(ii) to hold trials and other pro-
5	ceedings in Indian country, as appropriate
6	"(C) to provide to appointed Special As-
7	sistant United States Attorneys appropriate
8	training, supervision, and staff support; and
9	"(D) if an agreement is entered into with
10	a Federal court pursuant to paragraph (2), to
11	provide technical and other assistance to triba
12	governments and tribal court systems to ensure
13	the success of the program under this sub-
14	section.
15	"(2) Sense of congress regarding con-
16	SULTATION.—It is the sense of Congress that, in ap-
17	pointing Special Assistant United States Attorneys
18	under this subsection, a United States Attorney
19	should consult with tribal justice officials of each In-
20	dian tribe that would be affected by the appoint
21	ment.".
22	SEC. 104. ADMINISTRATION.
23	(a) Office of Tribal Justice —

1	(1) Definitions.—Section 4 of the Indian
2	Tribal Justice Technical and Legal Assistance Act of
3	2000 (25 U.S.C. 3653) is amended—
4	(A) by redesignating paragraphs (2)
5	through (7) as paragraphs (3) through (8), re-
6	spectively; and
7	(B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
8	following:
9	"(2) DIRECTOR.—The term 'Director' means
10	the Director of the Office of Tribal Justice.".
11	(2) Status.—Title I of the Indian Tribal Jus-
12	tice Technical and Legal Assistance Act of 2000 is
13	amended—
14	(A) by redesignating section 106 (25
15	U.S.C. 3666) as section 107; and
16	(B) by inserting after section 105 (25
17	U.S.C. 3665) the following:
18	"SEC. 106. OFFICE OF TRIBAL JUSTICE.
19	"(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the
20	date of enactment of the Tribal Law and Order Act of
21	2009, the Attorney General shall modify the status of the
22	Office of Tribal Justice as the Attorney General deter-
23	mines to be necessary to establish the Office of Tribal Jus-
24	tice as a permanent division of the Department.

1	"(b) Personnel and Funding.—The Attorney
2	General shall provide to the Office of Tribal Justice such
3	personnel and funds as are necessary to establish the Of-
4	fice of Tribal Justice as a division of the Department
5	under subsection (a).
6	"(c) Additional Duties.—In addition to the duties
7	of the Office of Tribal Justice in effect on the day before
8	the date of enactment of the Tribal Law and Order Act
9	of 2009, the Office of Tribal Justice shall—
10	"(1) serve as the program and legal policy advi-
11	sor to the Attorney General with respect to the trea-
12	ty and trust relationship between the United States
13	and Indian tribes;
14	"(2) serve as the point of contact for federally
15	recognized tribal governments and tribal organiza-
16	tions with respect to questions and comments re-
17	garding policies and programs of the Department
18	and issues relating to public safety and justice in In-
19	dian country; and
20	"(3) coordinate with other bureaus, agencies,
21	offices, and divisions within the Department of Jus-
22	tice to ensure that each component has an account-
23	able process to ensure meaningful and timely con-
24	sultation with tribal leaders in the development of

regulatory policies and other actions that affect—

1	"(A) the trust responsibility of the United
2	States to Indian tribes;
3	"(B) any tribal treaty provision;
4	"(C) the status of Indian tribes as a sov-
5	ereign governments; or
6	"(D) any other tribal interest.".
7	(b) Office of Indian Country Crime.—The In-
8	dian Law Enforcement Reform Act (25 U.S.C. 2801 et
9	seq.) (as amended by section 103(b)) is amended by add-
10	ing at the end the following:
11	"SEC. 12. OFFICE OF INDIAN COUNTRY CRIME.
12	"(a) Establishment.—There is established in the
13	criminal division of the Department of Justice an office,
14	to be known as the 'Office of Indian Country Crime'.
15	"(b) Duties.—The Office of Indian Country Crime
16	shall—
17	"(1) develop, enforce, and administer the appli-
18	cation of Federal criminal laws applicable in Indian
19	country;
20	"(2) coordinate with the United States Attor-
21	neys that have authority to prosecute crimes in In-
22	dian country;
23	"(3) coordinate prosecutions of crimes of na-
24	tional significance in Indian country, as determined
25	by the Attorney General;

1	"(4) develop and implement criminal enforce-
2	ment policies for United States Attorneys and inves-
3	tigators of Federal crimes regarding cases arising in
4	Indian country; and
5	"(5) submit to the Committee on Indian Affairs
6	of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Re-
7	sources of the House of Representatives annual re-
8	ports describing the prosecution and declination
9	rates of cases involving alleged crimes in Indian
10	country referred to United States Attorneys.
11	"(c) Deputy Assistant Attorney General.—
12	"(1) APPOINTMENT.—The Attorney General
13	shall appoint a Deputy Assistant Attorney General
14	for Indian Country Crime.
15	"(2) Duties.—The Deputy Assistant Attorney
16	General for Indian Country Crime shall—
17	"(A) serve as the head of the Office of In-
18	dian Country Crime;
19	"(B) serve as a point of contact to United
20	State Attorneys serving districts including In-
21	dian country, tribal liaisons, tribal governments,
22	and other Federal, State, and local law enforce-
23	ment agencies regarding issues affecting the
24	prosecution of crime in Indian country; and

1	"(C) carry out such other duties as the At-
2	torney General may prescribe.".
3	TITLE II—STATE ACCOUNT-
4	ABILITY AND COORDINATION
5	SEC. 201. STATE CRIMINAL JURISDICTION AND RE-
6	SOURCES.
7	(a) Concurrent Authority of United
8	States.—Section 401(a) of Public Law 90–284 (25
9	U.S.C. 1321(a)) is amended—
10	(1) by striking the section designation and
11	heading and all that follows through "The consent
12	of the United States" and inserting the following:
13	"SEC. 401. ASSUMPTION BY STATE OF CRIMINAL JURISDIC-
14	TION.
15	"(a) Consent of United States.—
16	"(1) In General.—The consent of the United
17	States"; and
18	(2) by adding at the end the following:
19	"(2) CONCURRENT JURISDICTION.—At the re-
20	quest of an Indian tribe, and after consultation with
21	the Attorney General, the United States shall main-
22	tain concurrent jurisdiction to prosecute violations of
23	sections 1152 and 1153 of title 18, United States
24	Code, within the Indian country of the Indian
25	tribe.''.

1	(b) Applicable Law.—Section 1162 of title 18
2	United States Code, is amended by striking subsection (c)
3	and inserting the following:
4	"(c) Applicable Law.—At the request of an Indian
5	tribe, and after consultation with the Attorney General—
6	"(1) sections 1152 and 1153 of this title shall
7	remain in effect in the areas of the Indian country
8	of the Indian tribe; and
9	"(2) jurisdiction over those areas shall be con-
10	current among the Federal Government and State
11	and tribal governments.".
12	SEC. 202. INCENTIVES FOR STATE, TRIBAL, AND LOCAL
13	LAW ENFORCEMENT COOPERATION.
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li></ul>	LAW ENFORCEMENT COOPERATION.  (a) Establishment of Cooperative Assistance
14	(a) Establishment of Cooperative Assistance
14 15	(a) Establishment of Cooperative Assistance Program.—The Attorney General may provide grants
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	(a) Establishment of Cooperative Assistance Program.—The Attorney General may provide grants technical assistance, and other assistance to State, tribal
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	(a) Establishment of Cooperative Assistance Program.—The Attorney General may provide grants technical assistance, and other assistance to State, tribal and local governments that enter into cooperative agree-
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Establishment of Cooperative Assistance Program.—The Attorney General may provide grants technical assistance, and other assistance to State, tribal and local governments that enter into cooperative agreements, including agreements relating to mutual aid, how
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li><li>18</li><li>19</li></ul>	(a) Establishment of Cooperative Assistance Program.—The Attorney General may provide grants technical assistance, and other assistance to State, tribal and local governments that enter into cooperative agreements, including agreements relating to mutual aid, how pursuit of suspects, and cross-deputization for the pursuit
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li><li>18</li><li>19</li><li>20</li></ul>	(a) Establishment of Cooperative Assistance Program.—The Attorney General may provide grants technical assistance, and other assistance to State, tribal and local governments that enter into cooperative agreements, including agreements relating to mutual aid, how pursuit of suspects, and cross-deputization for the purposes of—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Establishment of Cooperative Assistance Program.—The Attorney General may provide grants technical assistance, and other assistance to State, tribal and local governments that enter into cooperative agreements, including agreements relating to mutual aid, hot pursuit of suspects, and cross-deputization for the purposes of—  (1) improving law enforcement effectiveness
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(a) Establishment of Cooperative Assistance Program.—The Attorney General may provide grants technical assistance, and other assistance to State, tribal and local governments that enter into cooperative agreements, including agreements relating to mutual aid, hot pursuit of suspects, and cross-deputization for the purposes of—  (1) improving law enforcement effectiveness and

- (1) In general.—To be eligible to receive as-1 2 sistance under this section, a group composed of not 3 less than 1 of each of a tribal government and a 4 State or local government shall jointly develop and 5 submit to the Attorney General a plan for a program 6 to achieve the purpose described in subsection (a). 7 (2) Plan requirements.—A joint program 8 plan under paragraph (1) shall include a description of— 9 10 (A) the proposed cooperative tribal and 11 State or local law enforcement program for 12 which funding is sought, including information 13 on the population and each geographic area to 14 be served by the program; 15 (B) the need of the proposed program for 16 funding under this section, the amount of fund-17 ing requested, and the proposed use of funds, 18 subject to the requirements listed in subsection 19 (c); 20 (C) the unit of government that will ad-21 minister any assistance received under this sec-22 tion, and the method by which the assistance 23 will be distributed;
  - (D) the types of law enforcement services to be performed on each applicable Indian res-

1	ervation and the individuals and entities that
2	will perform those services;
3	(E) the individual or group of individuals
4	who will exercise daily supervision and control
5	over law enforcement officers participating in
6	the program;
7	(F) the method by which local and tribal
8	government input with respect to the planning
9	and implementation of the program will be en-
10	sured;
11	(G) the policies of the program regarding
12	mutual aid, hot pursuit of suspects, deputiza-
13	tion, training, and insurance of applicable law
14	enforcement officers;
15	(H) the recordkeeping procedures and
16	types of data to be collected pursuant to the
17	program; and
18	(I) other information that the Attorney
19	General determines to be relevant.
20	(c) Permissible Uses of Funds.—An eligible enti-
21	ty that receives a grant under this section may use the
22	grant, in accordance with the program plan described in
23	subsection (b)—
24	(1) to hire and train new career tribal, State,
25	or local law enforcement officers, or to make over-

1	time payments for current law enforcement officers.
2	that are or will be dedicated to—
3	(A) policing tribal land and nearby lands
4	and
5	(B) investigating alleged crimes on those
6	lands;
7	(2) procure equipment, technology, or support
8	systems to be used to investigate crimes and share
9	information between tribal, State, and local law en-
10	forcement agencies; or
11	(3) for any other uses that the Attorney Gen-
12	eral determines will meet the purposes described in
13	subsection (a).
14	(d) Factors for Consideration.—In determining
15	whether to approve a joint program plan submitted under
16	subsection (b) and, on approval, the amount of assistance
17	to provide to the program, the Attorney General shall take
18	into consideration the following factors:
19	(1) The size and population of each Indian res-
20	ervation and nearby community proposed to be
21	served by the program.
22	(2) The complexity of the law enforcement
23	problems proposed to be addressed by the program.
24	(3) The range of services proposed to be pro-
25	vided by the program.

- 1 (4) The proposed improvements the program 2 will make regarding law enforcement cooperation be-3 yound existing levels of cooperation.
- 4 (5) The crime rates of the tribal and nearby communities.
- 6 (6) The available resources of each entity apply-7 ing for a grant under this section for dedication to 8 public safety in the respective jurisdictions of the en-9 tities.
- (e) Annual Reports.—To be eligible to renew or extend a grant under this section, a group described in subsection (b)(1) shall submit to the Attorney General, together with the joint program plan under subsection (b), a report describing the law enforcement activities carried out pursuant to the program during the preceding fiscal year, including the success of the activities, including any increase in arrests or prosecutions.
- 18 (f) Reports by Attorney General.—Not later 19 than January 15 of each applicable fiscal year, the Attor-20 ney General shall submit to the Committee on Indian Af-21 fairs of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Re-22 sources of the House of Representatives a report describ-23 ing the law enforcement programs carried out using assist-24 ance provided under this section during the preceding fis-25 cal year, including the success of the programs.

1	(g) Technical Assistance.—On receipt of a re-
2	quest from a group composed of not less than 1 tribal
3	government and 1 State or local government, the Attorney
4	General shall provide technical assistance to the group to
5	develop successful cooperative relationships that effectively
6	combat crime in Indian country and nearby communities.
7	(h) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
8	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are nec-
9	essary to carry out this section for each of fiscal years
10	2010 through 2014.
	TITLE III—EMPOWERING TRIBAL
11	IIILE III—EMPOWERING IRIDAL
<ul><li>11</li><li>12</li></ul>	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGEN-
12	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGEN-
12 13	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGEN- CIES AND TRIBAL GOVERN-
12 13 14	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGEN- CIES AND TRIBAL GOVERN- MENTS
12 13 14 15	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGEN- CIES AND TRIBAL GOVERN- MENTS SEC. 301. TRIBAL POLICE OFFICERS.
12 13 14 15 16 17	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGEN- CIES AND TRIBAL GOVERN- MENTS  SEC. 301. TRIBAL POLICE OFFICERS.  (a) FLEXIBILITY IN TRAINING LAW ENFORCEMENT
12 13 14 15 16 17	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGEN- CIES AND TRIBAL GOVERN- MENTS  SEC. 301. TRIBAL POLICE OFFICERS.  (a) FLEXIBILITY IN TRAINING LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS SERVING INDIAN COUNTRY.—Section 3(e) of
12 13 14 15 16 17	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGEN- CIES AND TRIBAL GOVERN- MENTS  SEC. 301. TRIBAL POLICE OFFICERS.  (a) FLEXIBILITY IN TRAINING LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS SERVING INDIAN COUNTRY.—Section 3(e) of the Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act (25 U.S.C.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGEN- CIES AND TRIBAL GOVERN- MENTS  SEC. 301. TRIBAL POLICE OFFICERS.  (a) FLEXIBILITY IN TRAINING LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS SERVING INDIAN COUNTRY.—Section 3(e) of the Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act (25 U.S.C. 2802(e)) (as amended by section 101(b)(4)) is amended—
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGEN- CIES AND TRIBAL GOVERN- MENTS  SEC. 301. TRIBAL POLICE OFFICERS.  (a) FLEXIBILITY IN TRAINING LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS SERVING INDIAN COUNTRY.—Section 3(e) of the Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act (25 U.S.C. 2802(e)) (as amended by section 101(b)(4)) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)—
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGEN- CIES AND TRIBAL GOVERN- MENTS  SEC. 301. TRIBAL POLICE OFFICERS.  (a) FLEXIBILITY IN TRAINING LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS SERVING INDIAN COUNTRY.—Section 3(e) of the Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act (25 U.S.C. 2802(e)) (as amended by section 101(b)(4)) is amended—  (1) in paragraph (1)—  (A) by striking "(e)(1) The Secretary" and

1	"(1) Standards of education and experi-
2	ENCE.—
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary"; and
4	(B) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(B) Training.—The training standards
6	established under subparagraph (A) shall per-
7	mit law enforcement personnel of the Office of
8	Justice Services or an Indian tribe to obtain
9	training at a State or tribal police academy, a
10	local or tribal community college, or another
11	training academy that meets the relevant Peace
12	Officer Standards and Training.";
13	(2) in paragraph (3), by striking "Agencies"
14	and inserting "agencies"; and
15	(3) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(4) Background checks for officers.—
17	The Office of Justice Services shall develop stand-
18	ards and deadlines for the provision of background
19	checks for tribal law enforcement and corrections of-
20	ficials that ensure that a response to a request by
21	an Indian tribe for such a background check shall be
22	provided by not later than 60 days after the date of
23	receipt of the request, unless an adequate reason for
24	failure to respond by that date is provided to the In-
25	dian tribe.".

1	(b) Special Law Enforcement Commissions.—
2	Section 5(a) of the Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act
3	(25 U.S.C. 2804(a)) is amended—
4	(1) by striking "(a) The Secretary may enter
5	into an agreement" and inserting the following:
6	"(a) AGREEMENTS.—
7	"(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
8	after the date of enactment of the Tribal Law and
9	Order Act of 2009, the Secretary shall establish pro-
10	cedures to enter into memoranda of agreement";
11	(2) in the second sentence, by striking "The
12	Secretary' and inserting the following:
13	"(2) CERTAIN ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary";
14	and
15	(3) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(3) Program enhancement.—
17	"(A) Training sessions in Indian coun-
18	TRY.—
19	"(i) In General.—The procedures
20	described in paragraph (1) shall include
21	the development of a plan to enhance the
22	certification and provision of special law
23	enforcement commissions to tribal law en-
24	forcement officials, and, subject to sub-

1	section (d), State and local law enforce-
2	ment officials, pursuant to this section.
3	"(ii) Inclusions.—The plan under
4	clause (i) shall include the hosting of re-
5	gional training sessions in Indian country,
6	not less frequently than biannually, to edu-
7	cate and certify candidates for the special
8	law enforcement commissions.
9	"(B) Memoranda of agreement.—
10	"(i) In general.—Not later than
11	180 days after the date of enactment of
12	the Tribal Law and Order Act of 2009, the
13	Secretary, in consultation with Indian
14	tribes and tribal law enforcement agencies,
15	shall develop minimum requirements to be
16	included in special law enforcement com-
17	mission agreements pursuant to this sec-
18	tion.
19	"(ii) AGREEMENT.—Not later than 60
20	days after the date on which the Secretary
21	determines that all applicable requirements
22	under clause (i) are met, the Secretary
23	shall offer to enter into a special law en-
24	forcement commission agreement with the

applicable Indian tribe.".

25

1	(c) Indian Law Enforcement Foundation.—The
2	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act
3	(25 U.S.C. 450 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
4	the following:
5	"TITLE VII—INDIAN LAW
6	ENFORCEMENT FOUNDATION
7	"SEC. 701. INDIAN LAW ENFORCEMENT FOUNDATION.
8	"(a) Establishment.—As soon as practicable after
9	the date of enactment of this title, the Secretary shall es-
10	tablish, under the laws of the District of Columbia and
11	in accordance with this title, a foundation, to be known
12	as the 'Indian Law Enforcement Foundation' (referred to
13	in this section as the 'Foundation').
14	"(b) Duties.—The Foundation shall—
15	"(1) encourage, accept, and administer, in ac-
16	cordance with the terms of each donation, private
17	gifts of real and personal property, and any income
18	from or interest in such gifts, for the benefit of, or
19	in support of, public safety and justice services in
20	American Indian and Alaska Native communities;
21	and
22	"(2) assist the Office of Justice Services of the
23	Bureau of Indian Affairs and Indian tribal govern-
24	ments in funding and conducting activities and pro-
25	viding education to advance and support the provi-

- 1 sion of public safety and justice services in American
- 2 Indian and Alaska Native communities.".
- 3 (d) ACCEPTANCE AND ASSISTANCE.—Section 5 of the
- 4 Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act (25 U.S.C. 2804)
- 5 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 6 "(g) Acceptance of Assistance.—The Bureau
- 7 may accept reimbursement, resources, assistance, or fund-
- 8 ing from—
- 9 "(1) a Federal, tribal, State, or other govern-
- ment agency; or
- 11 "(2) the Indian Law Enforcement Foundation
- established under section 701(a) of the Indian Self-
- Determination and Education Assistance Act.".
- 14 SEC. 302. DRUG ENFORCEMENT IN INDIAN COUNTRY.
- 15 (a) Education and Research Programs.—Sec-
- 16 tion 502 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 872)
- 17 is amended in subsections (a)(1) and (c), by inserting "
- 18 tribal," after "State," each place it appears.
- 19 (b) Public-Private Education Program.—Sec-
- 20 tion 503 of the Comprehensive Methamphetamine Control
- 21 Act of 1996 (21 U.S.C. 872a) is amended—
- 22 (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "tribal,"
- after "State,"; and
- 24 (2) in subsection (b)(2), by inserting ", tribal,"
- after "State".

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1
        (c) Cooperative Arrangements.—Section 503 of
   the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 873) is amend-
 3
   ed—
 4
             (1) in subsection (a)—
                  (A) by inserting "tribal," after "State,"
 5
 6
             each place it appears; and
 7
                  (B) in paragraphs (6) and (7), by inserting
             ", tribal," after "State" each place it appears;
 8
 9
             and
10
             (2) in subsection (d)(1), by inserting ", tribal,"
11
        after "State".
12
        (d) Powers of Enforcement Personnel.—Sec-
   tion 508(a) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
   878(a)) is amended in the matter preceding paragraph (1)
14
   by inserting ", tribal," after "State".
   SEC. 303. ACCESS TO NATIONAL CRIMINAL INFORMATION
17
                DATABASES.
18
        (a) Access to National Criminal Information
   Databases.—Section 534 of title 28, United States Code,
19
20
   is amended—
21
             (1) in subsection (a)(4), by inserting "Indian
        tribes," after "the States,";
22
23
             (2) by striking subsection (d) and inserting the
        following:
24
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1	"(d) Indian Law Enforcement Agencies.—The
2	Attorney General shall permit tribal and Bureau of Indian
3	Affairs law enforcement agencies—
4	"(1) to directly access and enter information
5	into Federal criminal information databases; and
6	"(2) to directly obtain information from the
7	databases.";
8	(3) by redesignating the second subsection (e)
9	as subsection (f); and
10	(4) in paragraph (2) of subsection (f) (as redes-
11	ignated by paragraph (3)), in the matter preceding
12	subparagraph (A), by inserting ", tribal," after
13	"Federal".
14	(b) Requirement.—
15	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall
16	ensure that tribal law enforcement officials that
17	meet applicable Federal or State requirements have
18	access to national crime information databases.
19	(2) Sanctions.—For purpose of sanctions for
20	noncompliance with requirements of, or misuse of,
21	national crime information databases and informa-
22	tion obtained from those databases, a tribal law en-
23	forcement agency or official shall be treated as Fed-
24	eral law enforcement agency or official.

1	(3) NCIC.—Each tribal justice official serving
2	an Indian tribe with criminal jurisdiction over In-
3	dian country shall be considered to be an authorized
4	law enforcement official for purposes of access to the
5	National Crime Information Center of the Federal
6	Bureau of Investigation.
7	SEC. 304. TRIBAL COURT SENTENCING AUTHORITY.
8	(a) Constitutional Rights.—Section 202 of Pub-
9	lic Law 90–284 (25 U.S.C. 1302) is amended—
10	(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by
11	striking "No Indian tribe" and inserting the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(a) In General.—No Indian tribe";
14	(2) in paragraph (7) of subsection (a) (as des-
15	ignated by paragraph (1)), by striking "and a fine"
16	and inserting "or a fine"; and
17	(3) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(b) Tribal Courts and Prisoners.—
19	"(1) In general.—Notwithstanding paragraph
20	(7) of subsection (a) and in addition to the limita-
21	tions described in the other paragraphs of that sub-
22	section, no Indian tribe, in exercising any power of
23	self-government involving a criminal trial that sub-
24	jects a defendant to more than 1 year imprisonment
25	for any single offense, may—

1	"(A) deny any person in such a criminal
2	proceeding the assistance of a defense attorney
3	licensed to practice law in any jurisdiction in
4	the United States;
5	"(B) require excessive bail, impose an ex-
6	cessive fine, inflict a cruel or unusual punish-
7	ment, or impose for conviction of a single of-
8	fense any penalty or punishment greater than
9	imprisonment for a term of 3 years or a fine of
10	\$15,000, or both; or
11	"(C) deny any person in such a criminal
12	proceeding the due process of law.
13	"(2) Authority.—An Indian tribe exercising
14	authority pursuant to this subsection shall—
15	"(A) require that each judge presiding over
16	an applicable criminal case is licensed to prac-
17	tice law in any jurisdiction in the United
18	States; and
19	"(B) make publicly available the criminal
20	laws (including regulations and interpretive doc-
21	uments) of the Indian tribe.
22	"(3) Sentences.—A tribal court acting pursu-
23	ant to paragraph (1) may require a convicted of-
24	fender—
25	"(A) to serve the sentence—

1	"(i) in a tribal correctional center that
2	has been approved by the Bureau of Indian
3	Affairs for long-term incarceration, in ac-
4	cordance with guidelines developed by the
5	Bureau of Indian Affairs, in consultation
6	with Indian tribes;
7	"(ii) in the nearest appropriate Fed-
8	eral facility, at the expense of the United
9	States pursuant to a memorandum of
10	agreement with Bureau of Prisons in ac-
11	cordance with paragraph (4);
12	"(iii) in a State or local government-
13	approved detention or correctional center
14	pursuant to an agreement between the In-
15	dian tribe and the State or local govern-
16	ment; or
17	"(iv) subject to paragraph (1), in an
18	alternative rehabilitation center of an In-
19	dian tribe; or
20	"(B) to serve another alternative form of
21	punishment, as determined by the tribal court
22	judge pursuant to tribal law.
23	"(4) Memoranda of Agreement.—A memo-
24	randum of agreement between an Indian tribe and
25	the Bureau of Prisons under paragraph (2)(A)(ii)—

1	"(A) shall acknowledge that the United
2	States will incur all costs involved, including the
3	costs of transfer, housing, medical care, reha-
4	bilitation, and reentry of transferred prisoners;
5	"(B) shall limit the transfer of prisoners to
6	prisoners convicted in tribal court of violent
7	crimes, crimes involving sexual abuse, and seri-
8	ous drug offenses, as determined by the Bureau
9	of Prisons, in consultation with tribal govern-
10	ments, by regulation;
11	"(C) shall not affect the jurisdiction, power
12	of self-government, or any other authority of an
13	Indian tribe over the territory or members of
14	the Indian tribe;
15	"(D) shall contain such other requirements
16	as the Bureau of Prisons, in consultation with
17	the Bureau of Indian Affairs and tribal govern-
18	ments, may determine, by regulation; and
19	"(E) shall be executed and carried out not
20	later than 180 days after the date on which the
21	applicable Indian tribe first contacts the Bu-
22	reau of Prisons to accept a transfer of a tribal
23	court offender pursuant to this subsection.
24	"(c) Effect of Section.—Nothing in this section
25	affects the obligation of the United States, or any State

1	government that has been delegated authority by the
2	United States, to investigate and prosecute any criminal
3	violation in Indian country.".
4	(b) Grants and Contracts.—Section 1007(b) of
5	the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
6	2996f(b)) is amended by striking paragraph (2) and in-
7	serting the following:
8	"(2) to provide legal assistance with respect to
9	any criminal proceeding, except to provide assistance
10	to a person charged with an offense in an Indian
11	tribal court;".
12	SEC. 305. INDIAN LAW AND ORDER COMMISSION.
13	(a) Establishment.—There is established a com-
14	mission to be known as the Indian Law and Order Com-
15	mission (referred to in this section as the "Commission").
16	(b) Membership.—
17	(1) In General.—The Commission shall be
18	composed of 9 members, of whom—
19	
	(A) 3 shall be appointed by the President,
20	(A) 3 shall be appointed by the President, in consultation with—
20 21	
	in consultation with—
21	in consultation with—  (i) the Attorney General; and

1	Chairperson of the Committee on Indian Affairs
2	of the Senate;
3	(C) 1 shall be appointed by the minority
4	leader of the Senate, in consultation with the
5	Vice Chairperson of the Committee on Indian
6	Affairs of the Senate;
7	(D) 2 shall be appointed by the Speaker of
8	the House of Representatives, in consultation
9	with the Chairperson of the Committee on Nat-
10	ural Resources of the House of Representatives;
11	and
12	(E) 1 shall be appointed by the minority
13	leader of the House of Representatives, in con-
14	sultation with the Ranking Member of the Com-
15	mittee on Natural Resources of the House of
16	Representatives.
17	(2) REQUIREMENTS FOR ELIGIBILITY.—Each
18	member of the Commission shall have significant ex-
19	perience and expertise in—
20	(A) the Indian country criminal justice sys-
21	tem; and
22	(B) matters to be studied by the Commis-
23	sion.
24	(3) Consultation required.—The President,
25	the Speaker and minority leader of the House of

- Representatives, and the majority leader and minority leader of the Senate shall consult before the appointment of members of the Commission under paragraph (1) to achieve, to the maximum extent practicable, fair and equitable representation of various points of view with respect to the matters to be studied by the Commission.
  - (4) TERM.—Each member shall be appointed for the life of the Commission.
    - (5) Time for initial appointments.—The appointment of the members of the Commission shall be made not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
  - (6) VACANCIES.—A vacancy in the Commission shall be filled—
- 16 (A) in the same manner in which the origi-17 nal appointment was made; and
- 18 (B) not later than 60 days after the date 19 on which the vacancy occurred.

## 20 (c) Operation.—

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(1) Chairperson.—Not later than 15 days after the date on which all members of the Commission have been appointed, the Commission shall select 1 member to serve as Chairperson of the Commission.

1	(2) Meetings.—
2	(A) In General.—The Commission shall
3	meet at the call of the Chairperson.
4	(B) Initial meeting.—The initial meet-
5	ing shall take place not later than 30 days after
6	the date described in paragraph (1).
7	(3) Quorum.—A majority of the members of
8	the Commission shall constitute a quorum, but a
9	lesser number of members may hold hearings.
10	(4) Rules.—The Commission may establish, by
11	majority vote, any rules for the conduct of Commis-
12	sion business, in accordance with this Act and other
13	applicable law.
14	(d) Comprehensive Study of Criminal Justice
15	System Relating to Indian Country.—The Commis-
16	sion shall conduct a comprehensive study of law enforce-
17	ment and criminal justice in tribal communities, includ-
18	ing—
19	(1) jurisdiction over crimes committed in Indian
20	country and the impact of that jurisdiction on—
21	(A) the investigation and prosecution of
22	Indian country crimes; and
23	(B) residents of Indian land;
24	(2) the tribal jail and Federal prisons systems
25	and the effect of those systems with respect to—

1	(A) reducing Indian country crime; and
2	(B) rehabilitation of offenders;
3	(3)(A) tribal juvenile justice systems and the
4	Federal juvenile justice system as relating to Indian
5	country; and
6	(B) the effect of those systems and related pro-
7	grams in preventing juvenile crime, rehabilitating In-
8	dian youth in custody, and reducing recidivism
9	among Indian youth;
10	(4) the impact of the Indian Civil Rights Act of
11	1968 (25 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.) on—
12	(A) the authority of Indian tribes; and
13	(B) the rights of defendants subject to
14	tribal government authority; and
15	(5) studies of such other subjects as the Com-
16	mission determines relevant to achieve the purposes
17	of the Tribal Law and Order Act of 2009.
18	(e) Recommendations.—Taking into consideration
19	the results of the study under paragraph (1), the Commis-
20	sion shall develop recommendations on necessary modifica-
21	tions and improvements to justice systems at the tribal
22	Federal, and State levels, including consideration of—
23	(1) simplifying jurisdiction in Indian country;
24	(2) improving services and programs—

1	(A) to prevent juvenile crime on Indian
2	land;
3	(B) to rehabilitate Indian youth in custody;
4	and
5	(C) to reduce recidivism among Indian
6	youth;
7	(3) enhancing the penal authority of tribal
8	courts and exploring alternatives to incarceration;
9	(4) the establishment of satellite United States
10	magistrate or district courts in Indian country;
11	(5) changes to the tribal jails and Federal pris-
12	on systems; and
13	(6) other issues that, as determined by the
14	Commission, would reduce violent crime in Indian
15	country.
16	(f) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date
17	of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall submit to
18	the President and Congress a report that contains—
19	(1) a detailed statement of the findings and
20	conclusions of the Commission; and
21	(2) the recommendations of the Commission for
22	such legislative and administrative actions as the
23	Commission considers to be appropriate.
24	(g) Powers.—
25	(1) Hearings.—

1	(A) In General.—The Commission may
2	hold such hearings, meet and act at such times
3	and places, take such testimony, and receive
4	such evidence as the Commission considers to
5	be advisable to carry out the duties of the Com-
6	mission under this section.
7	(B) Public requirement.—The hearings
8	of the Commission under this paragraph shall
9	be open to the public.
10	(2) Witness expenses.—
11	(A) In general.—A witness requested to
12	appear before the Commission shall be paid the
13	same fees as are paid to witnesses under section
14	1821 of title 28, United States Code.
15	(B) PER DIEM AND MILEAGE.—The per
16	diem and mileage allowance for a witness shall
17	be paid from funds made available to the Com-
18	mission.
19	(3) Information from federal, tribal,
20	AND STATE AGENCIES.—
21	(A) In General.—The Commission may
22	secure directly from a Federal agency such in-
23	formation as the Commission considers to be
24	necessary to carry out this section.

- 1 (B) Tribal and state agencies.—The
  2 Commission may request the head of any tribal
  3 or State agency to provide to the Commission
  4 such information as the Commission considers
  5 to be necessary to carry out this section.
  - (4) Postal Services.—The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as other agencies of the Federal Government.
  - (5) GIFTS.—The Commission may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services or property.

## (h) Commission Personnel Matters.—

- (1) Travel expenses.—A member of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for an employee of an agency under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while away from the home or regular place of business of the member in the performance of the duties of the Commission.
- (2) Detail of federal employees.—On the affirmative vote of  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the members of the Commission and the approval of the appropriate Federal agency head, an employee of the Federal Govern-

- ment may be detailed to the Commission without reimbursement, and such detail shall be without interruption or loss of civil service status, benefits, or privileges.
  - (3) PROCUREMENT OF TEMPORARY AND INTER-MITTENT SERVICES.—On request of the Commission, the Attorney General and Secretary shall provide to the Commission reasonable and appropriate office space, supplies, and administrative assistance.

## (i) Contracts for Research.—

## (1) Researchers and experts.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—On an affirmative vote of  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the members of the Commission, the Commission may select nongovernmental researchers and experts to assist the Commission in carrying out the duties of the Commission under this section.
- (B) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF JUSTICE.—
  The National Institute of Justice may enter into a contract with the researchers and experts selected by the Commission under subparagraph (A) to provide funding in exchange for the services of the researchers and experts.
- (2) OTHER ORGANIZATIONS.—Nothing in this subsection limits the ability of the Commission to

1	enter into contracts with any other entity or organi-
2	zation to carry out research necessary to carry out
3	the duties of the Commission under this section.
4	(j) Tribal Advisory Committee.—
5	(1) Establishment.—The Commission shall
6	establish a committee, to be known as the "Tribal
7	Advisory Committee".
8	(2) Membership.—
9	(A) Composition.—The Tribal Advisory
10	Committee shall consist of 2 representatives of
11	Indian tribes from each region of the Bureau of
12	Indian Affairs.
13	(B) QUALIFICATIONS.—Each member of
14	the Tribal Advisory Committee shall have expe-
15	rience relating to—
16	(i) justice systems;
17	(ii) crime prevention; or
18	(iii) victim services.
19	(3) Duties.—The Tribal Advisory Committee
20	shall—
21	(A) serve as an advisory body to the Com-
22	mission; and
23	(B) provide to the Commission advice and
24	recommendations, submit materials, documents,
25	testimony, and such other information as the

1	Commission determines to be necessary to carry
2	out the duties of the Commission under this
3	section.
4	(k) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
5	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are nec-
6	essary to carry out this section, to remain available until
7	expended.
8	(l) Termination of Commission.—The Commis-
9	sion shall terminate 90 days after the date on which the
10	Commission submits the report of the Commission under
11	subsection $(c)(3)$ .
12	(m) Nonapplicability of FACA.—The Federal
13	Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply
14	to the Commission.
15	TITLE IV—TRIBAL JUSTICE
16	SYSTEMS
17	SEC. 401. INDIAN ALCOHOL AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE.
18	(a) Correction of References.—
19	(1) Inter-departmental memorandum of
20	AGREEMENT.—Section 4205 of the Indian Alcohol
21	and Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act
22	of 1986 (25 U.S.C. 2411) is amended—
23	(A) in subsection (a)—
24	(i) in the matter preceding paragraph
25	(1)—

1	(I) by striking "the date of en-
2	actment of this subtitle" and inserting
3	"the date of enactment of the Tribal
4	Law and Order Act of 2009"; and
5	(II) by inserting ", the Attorney
6	General," after "Secretary of the In-
7	terior'';
8	(ii) in paragraph (2)(A), by inserting
9	", Bureau of Justice Assistance, Substance
10	Abuse and Mental Health Services Admin-
11	istration," after "Bureau of Indian Af-
12	fairs,";
13	(iii) in paragraph (4), by inserting ",
14	Department of Justice, Substance Abuse
15	and Mental Health Services Administra-
16	tion," after "Bureau of Indian Affairs";
17	(iv) in paragraph (5), by inserting ",
18	Department of Justice, Substance Abuse
19	and Mental Health Services Administra-
20	tion," after "Bureau of Indian Affairs";
21	(v) in paragraph (7), by inserting ",
22	the Attorney General," after "Secretary of
23	the Interior":

1	(B) in subsection (c), by inserting ", the
2	Attorney General," after "Secretary of the Inte-
3	rior''; and
4	(C) in subsection (d), by striking "the date
5	of enactment of this subtitle" and inserting
6	"the date of enactment of the Tribal Law and
7	Order Act of 2009".
8	(2) Tribal action plans.—Section 4206 of
9	the Indian Alcohol and Substance Abuse Prevention
10	and Treatment Act of 1986 (25 U.S.C. 2412) is
11	amended—
12	(A) in subsection (b), in the first sentence,
13	by inserting ", the Bureau of Justice Assist-
14	ance, the Substance Abuse and Mental Health
15	Services Administration," before "and the In-
16	dian Health Service service unit";
17	(B) in subsection (c)(1)(A)(i), by inserting
18	", the Bureau of Justice Assistance, the Sub-
19	stance Abuse and Mental Health Services Ad-
20	ministration," before "and the Indian Health
21	Service service unit";
22	(C) in subsection (d)(2), by striking "fiscal
23	year 1993 and such sums as are necessary for
24	each of the fiscal years 1994, 1995, 1996,

1	1997, 1998, 1999, and 2000" and inserting
2	"the period of fiscal years 2010 through 2014";
3	(D) in subsection (e), in the first sentence,
4	by inserting ", the Attorney General," after
5	"the Secretary of the Interior"; and
6	(E) in subsection (f)(3), by striking "fiscal
7	year 1993 and such sums as are necessary for
8	each of the fiscal years 1994, 1995, 1996,
9	1997, 1998, 1999, and 2000" and inserting
10	"the period of fiscal years 2010 through 2014".
11	(3) Departmental responsibility.—Section
12	4207 of the Indian Alcohol and Substance Abuse
13	Prevention and Treatment Act of 1986 (25 U.S.C.
14	2413) is amended—
15	(A) in subsection (a), by inserting ", the
16	Attorney General" after "Bureau of Indian Af-
17	fairs";
18	(B) in subsection (b)—
19	(i) by striking paragraph (1) and in-
20	serting the following:
21	"(1) Establishment.—
22	"(A) In general.—To improve coordina-
23	tion among the Federal agencies and depart-
24	ments carrying out this subtitle, there is estab-
25	lished within the Substance Abuse and Mental

1	Health Services Administration an office, to be
2	known as the 'Office of Indian Alcohol and
3	Substance Abuse' (referred to in this section as
4	the 'Office').
5	"(B) DIRECTOR.—The director of the Of-
6	fice shall be appointed by the Director of the
7	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services
8	Administration—
9	"(i) on a permanent basis; and
10	"(ii) at a grade of not less than GS-
11	15 of the General Schedule.";
12	(ii) in paragraph (2)—
13	(I) by striking "(2) In addition"
14	and inserting the following:
15	"(2) Responsibilities of office.—In addi-
16	tion'';
17	(II) by striking subparagraph (A)
18	and inserting the following:
19	"(A) coordinating with other agencies to
20	monitor the performance and compliance of the
21	relevant Federal programs in achieving the
22	goals and purposes of this subtitle and the
23	Memorandum of Agreement entered into under
24	section 4205;";
25	(III) in subparagraph (B)—

1	(aa) by striking "within the
2	Bureau of Indian Affairs'; and
3	(bb) by striking the period
4	at the end and inserting "; and";
5	and
6	(IV) by adding at the end the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"(C) not later than 1 year after the date
9	of enactment of the Tribal Law and Order Act
10	of 2009, developing, in coordination and con-
11	sultation with tribal governments, a framework
12	for interagency and tribal coordination that—
13	"(i) establish the goals and other de-
14	sired outcomes of this Act;
15	"(ii) prioritizes outcomes that are
16	aligned with the purposes of affected agen-
17	cies;
18	"(iii) provides guidelines for resource
19	and information sharing;
20	"(iv) provides technical assistance to
21	the affected agencies to establish effective
22	and permanent interagency communication
23	and coordination; and

1	"(v) determines whether collaboration
2	is feasible, cost-effective, and within agency
3	capability."; and
4	(iii) by striking paragraph (3) and in-
5	serting the following:
6	"(3) Appointment of employees.—The Di-
7	rector of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health
8	Services Administration shall appoint such employ-
9	ees to work in the Office, and shall provide such
10	funding, services, and equipment, as may be nec-
11	essary to enable the Office to carry out the respon-
12	sibilities under this subsection."; and
13	(C) in subsection (c)—
14	(i) by striking "of Alcohol and Sub-
15	stance Abuse" each place it appears;
16	(ii) in paragraph (1), in the second
17	sentence, by striking "The Assistant Sec-
18	retary of the Interior for Indian Affairs"
19	and inserting "The Director of the Sub-
20	stance Abuse and Mental Health Services
21	Administration"; and
22	(iii) in paragraph (3)—
23	(I) in the matter preceding sub-
24	paragraph (A), by striking "Youth"
25	and inserting "vouth": and

1	(II) by striking "programs of the
2	Bureau of Indian Affairs" and insert-
3	ing "the applicable Federal pro-
4	grams''.
5	(4) Review of Programs.—Section 4208a(a)
6	of the Indian Alcohol and Substance Abuse Preven-
7	tion and Treatment Act of 1986 (25 U.S.C.
8	2414a(a)) is amended in the matter preceding para-
9	graph (1) by inserting ", the Attorney General,"
10	after "the Secretary of the Interior".
11	(5) Federal facilities, property, and
12	EQUIPMENT.—Section 4209 of the Indian Alcohol
13	and Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act
14	of 1986 (25 U.S.C. 2415) is amended—
15	(A) in subsection (a), by inserting ", the
16	Attorney General," after "the Secretary of the
17	Interior";
18	(B) in subsection (b)—
19	(i) in the first sentence, by inserting
20	", the Attorney General," after "the Sec-
21	retary of the Interior";
22	(ii) in the second sentence, by insert-
23	ing ", nor the Attorney General," after
24	"the Secretary of the Interior": and

1	(iii) in the third sentence, by inserting
2	", the Department of Justice," after "the
3	Department of the Interior"; and
4	(C) in subsection (c)(1), by inserting ", the
5	Attorney General," after "the Secretary of the
6	Interior".
7	(6) Newsletter.—Section 4210 of the Indian
8	Alcohol and Substance Abuse Prevention and Treat-
9	ment Act of 1986 (25 U.S.C. 2416) is amended—
10	(A) in subsection (a), in the first sentence,
11	by inserting ", the Attorney General," after
12	"the Secretary of the Interior"; and
13	(B) in subsection (b), by striking "fiscal
14	year 1993 and such sums as may be necessary
15	for each of the fiscal years 1994, 1995, 1996,
16	1997, 1998, 1999, and 2000" and inserting
17	"the period of fiscal years 2010 through 2014".
18	(7) Review.—Section 4211(a) of the Indian
19	Alcohol and Substance Abuse Prevention and Treat-
20	ment Act of 1986 (25 U.S.C. 2431(a)) is amended
21	in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by inserting
22	", the Attorney General," after "the Secretary of the
23	Interior".
24	(b) Indian Education Programs.—Section 4212
25	of the Indian Alcohol and Substance Abuse Prevention Act

- 1 of 1986 (25 U.S.C. 2432) is amended by striking sub-
- 2 section (a) and inserting the following:
- 3 "(a) Summer Youth Programs.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The head of the Indian Al-4 5 cohol and Substance Abuse Program, in coordination 6 with the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs, shall 7 develop and implement programs in tribal schools 8 and schools funded by the Bureau of Indian Edu-9 cation (subject to the approval of the local school 10 board or contract school board) to determine the ef-11 fectiveness of summer youth programs in advancing 12 the purposes and goals of this Act.
  - "(2) Costs.—The head of the Indian Alcohol and Substance Abuse Program and the Assistant Secretary shall defray all costs associated with the actual operation and support of the summer youth programs in a school from funds appropriated to carry out this subsection.
  - "(3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
    There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
    the programs under this subsection such sums as
    are necessary for each of fiscal years 2010 through
    2014.".

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        (c) Emergency Shelters.—Section 4213(e) of the
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   Indian Alcohol and Substance Abuse Prevention and
   Treatment Act of 1986 (25 U.S.C. 2433(e)) is amended—
 3
            (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "as may be
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 5
        necessary" and all that follows through the end of
 6
        the paragraph and inserting "as are necessary for
 7
        each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.";
            (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "$7,000,000"
 8
 9
        and all that follows through the end of the para-
        graph and inserting "$10,000,000 for each of fiscal
10
11
        years 2010 through 2014."; and
12
            (3) by indenting paragraphs (4) and (5) appro-
13
        priately.
14
        (d) REVIEW OF PROGRAMS.—Section 4215(a) of the
15
   Indian Alcohol and Substance Abuse Prevention and
16
   Treatment Act of 1986 (25 U.S.C. 2441(a)) is amended
   by inserting ", the Attorney General," after "the Sec-
17
18
   retary of the Interior".
19
        (e) Illegal Narcotics Trafficking; Source
   Eradication.—Section 4216 of the Indian Alcohol and
20
21
   Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act of 1986
22
   (25 U.S.C. 2442) is amended—
23
            (1) in subsection (a)—
24
                 (A) in paragraph (1)—
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1	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
2	the comma at the end and inserting a
3	semicolon;
4	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
5	", and" at the end and inserting a semi-
6	colon;
7	(iii) in subparagraph (C), by striking
8	the period at the end and inserting ";
9	and"; and
10	(iv) by adding at the end the fol-
11	lowing:
12	"(D) the Blackfeet Nation of Montana for
13	the investigation and control of illegal narcotics
14	traffic on the Blackfeet Indian Reservation
15	along the border with Canada.";
16	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "United
17	States Custom Service" and inserting "United
18	States Customs and Border Protection"; and
19	(C) by striking paragraph (3) and insert-
20	ing the following:
21	"(3) Authorization of appropriations.—
22	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
23	this subsection such sums as are necessary for each
24	of fiscal years 2010 through 2014."; and

1	(2) in subsection (b)(2), by striking "as may be
2	necessary" and all that follows through the end of
3	the paragraph and inserting "as are necessary for
4	each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.".
5	(f) Law Enforcement and Judicial Training.—
6	Section 4218 of the Indian Alcohol and Substance Abuse
7	Prevention and Treatment Act of 1986 (25 U.S.C. 2451)
8	is amended—
9	(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
10	following:
11	"(a) Training Programs.—
12	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Inte-
13	rior, in coordination with the Attorney General, the
14	Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administra-
15	tion, and the Director of the Federal Bureau of In-
16	vestigation, shall ensure, through the establishment
17	of a new training program or by supplementing ex-
18	isting training programs, that all Bureau of Indian
19	Affairs and tribal law enforcement and judicial per-
20	sonnel have access to training regarding—
21	"(A) the investigation and prosecution of
22	offenses relating to illegal narcotics; and
23	"(B) alcohol and substance abuse preven-
24	tion and treatment.

1	"(2) Youth-related training.—Any train-
2	ing provided to Bureau of Indian Affairs or tribal
3	law enforcement or judicial personnel under para-
4	graph (1) shall include training in issues relating to
5	youth alcohol and substance abuse prevention and
6	treatment."; and
7	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "as may be
8	necessary" and all that follows through the end of
9	the subsection and inserting "as are necessary for
10	each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.".
11	(g) Juvenile Detention Centers.—Section 4220
12	of the Indian Alcohol and Substance Abuse Prevention
13	and Treatment Act of 1986 (25 U.S.C. 2453) is amend-
14	ed—
15	(1) in subsection (a)—
16	(A) by striking "The Secretary" the first
17	place it appears and inserting the following:
18	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary";
19	(B) in the second sentence, by striking
20	"The Secretary shall" and inserting the fol-
21	lowing:
22	"(2) Construction and operation.—The
23	Secretary shall"; and
24	(C) by adding at the end the following:
25	"(3) Development of Plan.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this paragraph, the Secretary, the Director of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, the Director of the Indian Health Service, and the Attorney General, in consultation with tribal leaders and tribal justice officials, shall develop a long-term plan for the construction, renovation, and operation of Indian juvenile detention and treatment centers and alternatives to detention for juvenile offenders.

"(B) COORDINATION.—The plan under subparagraph (A) shall require the Bureau of Indian Education and the Indian Health Service to coordinate with tribal and Bureau of Indian Affairs juvenile detention centers to provide services to those centers."; and

## (2) in subsection (b)—

(A) by striking "such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, and 2000" each place it appears and inserting "such sums as are necessary for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014"; and

1	(B) by indenting paragraph (2) appro-
2	priately.
3	SEC. 402. INDIAN TRIBAL JUSTICE; TECHNICAL AND LEGAL
4	ASSISTANCE.
5	(a) Indian Tribal Justice.—
6	(1) Base support funding.—Section 103(b)
7	of the Indian Tribal Justice Act (25 U.S.C.
8	3613(b)) is amended by striking paragraph (2) and
9	inserting the following:
10	"(2) the employment of tribal court personnel,
11	including tribal court judges, prosecutors, public de-
12	fenders, guardians ad litem, and court-appointed
13	special advocates for children and juveniles;".
14	(2) Tribal justice systems.—Section 201 of
15	the Indian Tribal Justice Act (25 U.S.C. 3621) is
16	amended—
17	(A) in subsection (a)—
18	(i) by striking "the provisions of sec-
19	tions 101 and 102 of this Act" and insert-
20	ing "sections 101 and 102"; and
21	(ii) by striking "the fiscal years 2000
22	through 2007" and inserting "fiscal years
23	2010 through 2014";
24	(B) in subsection (b)—

1	(i) by striking "the provisions of sec-
2	tion 103 of this Act" and inserting "sec-
3	tion 103"; and
4	(ii) by striking "the fiscal years 2000
5	through 2007" and inserting "fiscal years
6	2010 through 2014";
7	(C) in subsection (c), by striking "the fis-
8	cal years 2000 through 2007" and inserting
9	"fiscal years 2010 through 2014"; and
10	(D) in subsection (d), by striking "the fis-
11	cal years 2000 through 2007" and inserting
12	"fiscal years 2010 through 2014".
13	(b) Technical and Legal Assistance.—
14	(1) Tribal civil legal assistance
15	GRANTS.—Section 102 of the Indian Tribal Justice
16	Technical and Legal Assistance Act of 2000 (25
17	U.S.C. 3662) is amended by inserting "(including
18	guardians ad litem and court-appointed special advo-
19	cates for children and juveniles)" after "civil legal
20	assistance".
21	(2) Tribal criminal legal assistance
22	GRANTS.—Section 103 of the Indian Tribal Justice
23	Technical and Legal Assistance Act of 2000 (25
24	U.S.C. 3663) is amended by striking "criminal legal
25	assistance to members of Indian tribes and tribal

1	justice systems" and inserting "criminal legal assist-
2	ance services to all defendants subject to tribal court
3	jurisdiction and judicial services for tribal courts".
4	(3) Funding.—The Indian Tribal Justice
5	Technical and Legal Assistance Act of 2000 is
6	amended—
7	(A) in section 106 (25 U.S.C. 3666), by
8	striking "2000 through 2004" and inserting
9	"2010 through 2014"; and
10	(B) in section 201(d) (25 U.S.C. 3681(d)),
11	by striking "2000 through 2004" and inserting
12	"2010 through 2014".
13	SEC. 403. TRIBAL RESOURCES GRANT PROGRAM.
14	Section 1701 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
15	Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796dd) is amended—
16	(1) in subsection (b)—
17	(A) in each of paragraphs (1) through (4)
18	and (6) through (17), by inserting "to" after
19	the paragraph designation;
20	(B) in paragraph (1), by striking "State
21	and" and inserting "State, tribal, or";
22	(C) in paragraphs (9) and (10), by insert-
23	ing ", tribal," after "State" each place it ap-
24	pears;
25	(D) in paragraph (15)—

1	(i) by striking "a State in" and in-
2	serting "a State or Indian tribe in";
3	(ii) by striking "the State which" and
4	inserting "the State or tribal community
5	that''; and
6	(iii) by striking "a State or" and in-
7	serting "a State, tribal, or";
8	(E) in paragraph (16), by striking "and"
9	at the end
10	(F) in paragraph (17), by striking the pe-
11	riod at the end and inserting "; and";
12	(G) by redesignating paragraphs (6)
13	through (17) as paragraphs (5) through (16),
14	respectively; and
15	(H) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(17) to permit tribal governments receiving di-
17	rect law enforcement services from the Bureau of In-
18	dian Affairs to access the program under this sec-
19	tion on behalf of the Bureau for use in accordance
20	with paragraphs (1) through (16).".
21	(2) in subsection (i), by striking "The author-
22	ity" and inserting "Except as provided in subsection
23	(j), the authority"; and
24	(3) by adding at the end the following:
25	"(j) Grants to Indian Tribes.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection (i) and section 1703, and in acknowledgment of the Federal nexus and distinct Federal responsibility to address and prevent crime in Indian country, the At-torney General shall provide grants under this sec-tion to Indian tribal governments, for fiscal year 2010 and any fiscal year thereafter, for such period as the Attorney General determines to be appro-priate to assist the Indian tribal governments in car-rying out the purposes described in subsection (b).
  - "(2) Priority of funding.—In providing grants to Indian tribal governments under this subsection, the Attorney General shall take into consideration reservation crime rates and tribal law enforcement staffing needs of each Indian tribal government.
  - "(3) Federal share.—Because of the Federal nature and responsibility for providing public safety on Indian land, the Federal share of the cost of any activity carried out using a grant under this subsection shall be 100 percent.
  - "(4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
    There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this subsection for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.

- 1 "(k) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the
- 2 date of enactment of this subsection, the Attorney General
- 3 shall submit to Congress a report describing the extent
- 4 and effectiveness of the Community Oriented Policing
- 5 (COPS) initiative as applied in Indian country, including
- 6 particular references to—
- 7 "(1) the problem of intermittent funding;
- 8 "(2) the integration of COPS personnel with
- 9 existing law enforcement authorities; and
- 10 "(3) an explanation of how the practice of com-
- munity policing and the broken windows theory can
- most effectively be applied in remote tribal loca-
- tions.".
- 14 SEC. 404. TRIBAL JAILS PROGRAM.
- 15 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 20109 of the Violent
- 16 Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42
- 17 U.S.C. 13709) is amended by striking subsection (a) and
- 18 inserting the following:
- 19 "(a) Reservation of Funds.—Notwithstanding
- 20 any other provision of this part, of amounts made avail-
- 21 able to the Attorney General to carry out programs relat-
- 22 ing to offender incarceration, the Attorney General shall
- 23 reserve \$35,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 through
- 24 2014 to carry out this section.".
- 25 (b) REGIONAL DETENTION CENTERS.—

1	(1) In General.—Section 20109 of the Violent
2	Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994
3	(42 U.S.C. 13709) is amended by striking sub-
4	section (b) and inserting the following:
5	"(b) Grants to Indian Tribes.—
6	"(1) IN GENERAL.—From the amounts reserved
7	under subsection (a), the Attorney General shall pro-
8	vide grants—
9	"(A) to Indian tribes for purposes of—
10	"(i) construction and maintenance of
11	jails on Indian land for the incarceration
12	of offenders subject to tribal jurisdiction;
13	"(ii) entering into contracts with pri-
14	vate entities to increase the efficiency of
15	the construction of tribal jails; and
16	"(iii) developing and implementing al-
17	ternatives to incarceration in tribal jails;
18	"(B) to Indian tribes for the construction
19	of tribal justice centers that combine tribal po-
20	lice, courts, and corrections services to address
21	violations of tribal civil and criminal laws;
22	"(C) to consortia of Indian tribes for pur-
23	poses of constructing and operating regional de-
24	tention centers on Indian land for long-term in-
25	carceration of offenders subject to tribal juris-

1	diction, as the applicable consortium determines
2	to be appropriate.
3	"(2) Priority of funding.—in providing
4	grants under this subsection, the Attorney General
5	shall take into consideration applicable—
6	"(A) reservation crime rates;
7	"(B) annual tribal court convictions; and
8	"(C) bed space needs.
9	"(3) Federal share.—Because of the Federal
10	nature and responsibility for providing public safety
11	on Indian land, the Federal share of the cost of any
12	activity carried out using a grant under this sub-
13	section shall be 100 percent.".
14	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Section
15	20109(c) of the Violent Crime Control and Law En-
16	forcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13709(c)) is
17	amended by inserting "or consortium of Indian
18	tribes, as applicable," after "Indian tribe".
19	(3) Long-term Plan.—Section 20109 of the
20	Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of
21	1994 (42 U.S.C. 13709) is amended by adding at
22	the end the following:
23	"(d) Long-Term Plan.—Not later than 1 year after
24	the date of enactment of this subsection, the Attorney
25	General, in coordination with the Bureau of Indian Affairs

- 1 and in consultation with tribal leaders, tribal law enforce-
- 2 ment officers, and tribal corrections officials, shall submit
- 3 to Congress a long-term plan to address incarceration in
- 4 Indian country, including a description of—
- 5 "(1) proposed activities for construction of de-
- 6 tention facilities (including regional facilities) on In-
- 7 dian land;
- 8 "(2) proposed activities for construction of ad-
- 9 ditional Federal detention facilities on Indian land;
- 10 "(3) proposed activities for contracting with
- 11 State and local detention centers, with tribal govern-
- ment approval;
- "(4) proposed alternatives to incarceration, de-
- veloped in cooperation with tribal court systems; and
- 15 "(5) such other alternatives as the Attorney
- 16 General, in coordination with the Bureau of Indian
- 17 Affairs and in consultation with Indian tribes, deter-
- mines to be necessary.".
- 19 SEC. 405. TRIBAL PROBATION OFFICE LIAISON PROGRAM.
- Title II of the Indian Tribal Justice Technical and
- 21 Legal Assistance Act of 2000 (25 U.S.C. 3681 et seq.)
- 22 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 23 "SEC. 203. ASSISTANT PAROLE AND PROBATION OFFICERS.
- "To the maximum extent practicable, the Director of
- 25 the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, in

1	coordination with the Office of Tribal Justice and the Di-
2	rector of the Office of Justice Services, shall—
3	"(1) appoint individuals residing in Indian
4	country to serve as assistant parole or probation of-
5	ficers for purposes of monitoring and providing serv-
6	ice to Federal prisoners residing in Indian country;
7	and
8	"(2) provide substance abuse, mental health,
9	and other related treatment services to offenders re-
10	siding on Indian land.".
11	SEC. 406. TRIBAL YOUTH PROGRAM.
12	(a) Incentive Grants for Local Delinquency
13	Prevention Programs.—
14	(1) In general.—Section 504 of the Juvenile
15	Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42
16	U.S.C. 5783) is amended—
17	(A) in subsection (a), by inserting ", or to
18	Indian tribes under subsection (d)" after "sub-
19	section (b)"; and
20	(B) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(d) Grants for Tribal Delinquency Preven-
22	TION AND RESPONSE PROGRAMS.—
23	"(1) In general.—The Administrator shall
24	make grants under this section, on a competitive

1	basis, to eligible Indian tribes or consortia of Indian
2	tribes, as described in paragraph (2)—
3	"(A) to support and enhance—
4	"(i) tribal juvenile delinquency preven-
5	tion services; and
6	"(ii) the ability of Indian tribes to re-
7	spond to, and care for, juvenile offenders;
8	and
9	"(B) to encourage accountability of Indian
10	tribal governments with respect to preventing
11	juvenile delinquency and responding to, and
12	caring for, juvenile offenders.
13	"(2) ELIGIBLE INDIAN TRIBES.—To be eligible
14	to receive a grant under this subsection, an Indian
15	tribe or consortium of Indian tribes shall submit to
16	the Administrator an application in such form and
17	containing such information as the Administrator
18	may require.
19	"(3) Priority of funding.—In providing
20	grants under this subsection, the Administrator shall
21	take into consideration, with respect to the reserva-
22	tion communities to be served—
23	"(A) juvenile crime rates;
24	"(B) dropout rates; and
25	"(C) percentage of at-risk youth.".

1	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
2	Section 505 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
3	Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5784) is amend-
4	ed by striking "fiscal years 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007,
5	and 2008" and inserting "each of fiscal years 2010
6	through 2014".
7	(b) Coordinating Council on Juvenile Justice
8	AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION.—Section 206(a)(2) of
9	the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of
10	1974 (42 U.S.C. 5616(a)(2)) is amended—
11	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "Nine"
12	and inserting "Ten"; and
13	(2) in subparagraph (B), by adding at the end
14	the following:
15	"(iv) One member shall be appointed
16	by the Chairman of the Committee on In-
17	dian Affairs of the Senate, in consultation
18	with the Vice Chairman of that Com-
19	mittee.".

1	TITLE V—INDIAN COUNTRY
2	CRIME DATA COLLECTION
3	AND INFORMATION SHARING
4	SEC. 501. TRACKING OF CRIMES COMMITTED IN INDIAN
5	COUNTRY.
6	(a) Gang Violence.—Section 1107 of the Violence
7	Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthoriza-
8	tion Act of 2005 (28 U.S.C. 534 note; Public Law 109-
9	162) is amended—
10	(1) in subsection (a)—
11	(A) by redesignating paragraphs (8)
12	through (12) as paragraphs (9) through (13),
13	respectively;
14	(B) by inserting after paragraph (7) the
15	following:
16	"(8) the Office of Justice Services of the Bu-
17	reau of Indian Affairs;";
18	(C) in paragraph (9) (as redesignated by
19	subparagraph (A)), by striking "State" and in-
20	serting "tribal, State,"; and
21	(D) in paragraphs (10) through (12) (as
22	redesignated by subparagraph (A)), by inserting
23	"tribal," before "State," each place it appears;
24	and

1	(2) in subsection (b), by inserting "tribal," be-
2	fore "State," each place it appears.
3	(b) Bureau of Justice Statistics.—Section 302
4	of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of
5	1968 (42 U.S.C. 3732) is amended—
6	(1) in subsection (c)—
7	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", In-
8	dian tribes," after "contracts with";
9	(B) in each of paragraphs (3) through (6),
10	by inserting "tribal," after "State," each place
11	it appears;
12	(C) in paragraph (7), by inserting "and in
13	Indian country" after "States";
14	(D) in paragraph (9), by striking "Federal
15	and State Governments" and inserting "Fed-
16	eral Government and State and tribal govern-
17	ments";
18	(E) in each of paragraphs (10) and (11),
19	by inserting ", tribal," after "State" each place
20	it appears;
21	(F) in paragraph (13), by inserting ", In-
22	dian tribes," after "States";
23	(G) in paragraph (17)—
24	(i) by striking "State and local" and
25	inserting "State, tribal, and local"; and

1	(ii) by striking "State, and local" and
2	inserting "State, tribal, and local";
3	(H) in paragraph (18), by striking "State
4	and local" and inserting "State, tribal, and
5	local'';
6	(I) in paragraph (19), by inserting "and
7	tribal" after "State" each place it appears;
8	(J) in paragraph (20), by inserting ", trib-
9	al," after "State"; and
10	(K) in paragraph (22), by inserting ", trib-
11	al," after "Federal";
12	(2) in subsection (d)—
13	(A) by redesignating paragraphs (1)
14	through (6) as subparagraphs (A) through (F),
15	respectively, and indenting the subparagraphs
16	appropriately;
17	(B) by striking "To insure" and inserting
18	the following:
19	"(1) In general.—To ensure"; and
20	(C) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(2) Consultation with Indian Tribes.—
22	The Director, acting jointly with the Assistant Sec-
23	retary for Indian Affairs (acting through the Direc-
24	tor of the Office of Law Enforcement Services) and
25	the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation,

1 shall work with Indian tribes and tribal law enforce-2 ment agencies to establish and implement such tribal 3 data collection systems as the Director determines to 4 be necessary to achieve the purposes of this section."; 5 6 (3) in subsection (e), by striking "subsection (d)(3)" and inserting "subsection (d)(1)(C)"; 7 8 (4) in subsection (f)— 9 (A) in the subsection heading, by inserting ", Tribal," after "State"; and 10 (B) by inserting ", tribal," after "State"; 11 12 and 13 (5) by adding at the end the following: 14 "(g) Report to Congress on Crimes in Indian 15 COUNTRY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this subsection, and annually thereafter, the Di-16 rector shall submit to Congress a report describing the 18 data collected and analyzed under this section relating to 19 crimes in Indian country.". 20 SEC. 502. GRANTS TO IMPROVE TRIBAL DATA COLLECTION 21 SYSTEMS. 22 Section 3 of the Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act 23 (25 U.S.C. 2802) is amended by adding at the end the following: 24

1 "(f) Grants To Improve Tribal Data Collec-2 TION SYSTEMS.— 3 "(1) Grant Program.—The Secretary, acting 4 through the Director of the Office of Justice Serv-5 ices of the Bureau and in coordination with the At-6 torney General, shall establish a program under 7 which the Secretary shall provide grants to Indian 8 tribes for activities to ensure uniformity in the col-9 lection and analysis of data relating to crime in In-10 dian country. 11 "(2) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary, 12 through the Director of the Office of Justice Serv-13 ices of the Bureau, in consultation with tribal gov-14 ernments and tribal justice officials, shall promul-15 gate such regulations as are necessary to carry out 16 the grant program under this subsection.". SEC. 503. CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD IMPROVEMENT PRO-18 GRAM. 19 Section 1301(a) of the Omnibus Crime Control and 20 Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796h(a)) is amend-

ed by inserting ", tribal," after "State".

21

## TITLE VI—DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND SEXUAL ASSAULT PROS-2 **ECUTION AND PREVENTION** 3 4 SEC. 601. PRISONER RELEASE AND REENTRY. 5 Section 4042 of title 18, United States Code, is 6 amended— 7 (1) in subsection (a)(4), by inserting ", tribal," 8 after "State"; 9 (2) in subsection (b)(1), in the first sentence, 10 by striking "officer of the State and of the local ju-11 risdiction" and inserting "officers of each State, 12 tribal, and local jurisdiction"; and 13 (3) in subsection (c)— 14 (A) in paragraph (1)— 15 (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "officer of the State and of the local juris-16 17 diction" and inserting "officers of each 18 State, tribal, and local jurisdiction"; and 19 (ii) in subparagraph (B), by inserting ", tribal," after "State" each place it ap-20 21 pears; and 22 (B) in paragraph (2)— (i) by striking "(2) Notice" and in-23 24 serting the following: 25 "(2) Requirements.—

1	"(A) In General.—A notice";
2	(ii) in the second sentence, by striking
3	"For a person who is released" and insert-
4	ing the following:
5	"(B) Released persons.—For a person
6	who is released";
7	(iii) in the third sentence, by striking
8	"For a person who is sentenced" and in-
9	serting the following:
10	"(C) Persons on probation.—For a
11	person who is sentenced";
12	(iv) in the fourth sentence, by striking
13	"Notice concerning" and inserting the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"(D) Released persons required to
16	REGISTER.—
17	"(i) In general.—A notice con-
18	cerning"; and
19	(v) in subparagraph (D) (as des-
20	ignated by clause (iv)), by adding at the
21	end the following:
22	"(ii) Persons residing in Indian
23	COUNTRY.—For a person described in
24	paragraph (3) the expected place of resi-
25	dence of whom is potentially located in In-

1	dian country, the Director of the Bureau
2	of Prisons or the Director of the Adminis-
3	trative Office of the United States Courts,
4	as appropriate, shall—
5	"(I) make all reasonable and nec-
6	essary efforts to determine whether
7	the residence of the person is located
8	in Indian country; and
9	"(II) ensure that the person is
10	registered with the law enforcement
11	office of each appropriate jurisdiction
12	before release from Federal custody.".
13	SEC. 602. DOMESTIC AND SEXUAL VIOLENT OFFENSE
14	TRAINING.
15	Section $3(c)(9)$ of the Indian Law Enforcement Re-
16	form Act (25 U.S.C. 2802(c)(9)) (as amended by section
17	101(a)(2)) is amended by inserting before the semicolon
18	at the end the following: ", including training to properly
19	interview victims of domestic and sexual violence and to
20	collect, preserve, and present evidence to Federal and trib-
21	al prosecutors to increase the conviction rate for domestic
22	and sexual violence offenses for purposes of addressing

## 1 SEC. 603. TESTIMONY BY FEDERAL EMPLOYEES IN CASES

- 2 OF RAPE AND SEXUAL ASSAULT.
- The Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act (25 U.S.C.
- 4 2801 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 5 lowing:
- 6 "SEC. 11. TESTIMONY BY FEDERAL EMPLOYEES IN CASES
- 7 OF RAPE AND SEXUAL ASSAULT.
- 8 "(a) APPROVAL OF EMPLOYEE TESTIMONY.—The
- 9 Director of the Office of Justice Services or the Director
- 10 of the Indian Health Service, as appropriate (referred to
- 11 in this section as the 'Director concerned'), shall approve
- 12 or disapprove, in writing, any request or subpoena for a
- 13 law enforcement officer, sexual assault nurse examiner, or
- 14 other employee under the supervision of the Director con-
- 15 cerned to provide testimony in a deposition, trial, or other
- 16 similar proceeding regarding information obtained in car-
- 17 rying out the official duties of the employee.
- 18 "(b) Requirement.—The Director concerned shall
- 19 approve a request or subpoena under subsection (a) if the
- 20 request or subpoena does not violate the policy of the De-
- 21 partment of the Interior to maintain strict impartiality
- 22 with respect to private causes of action.
- 23 "(c) Treatment.—If the Director concerned fails to
- 24 approve or disapprove a request or subpoena by the date
- 25 that is 30 days after the date of receipt of the request

- 1 or subpoena, the request or subpoena shall be considered
- 2 to be approved for purposes of this section.".
- 3 SEC. 604. COORDINATION OF FEDERAL AGENCIES.
- 4 The Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act (25 U.S.C.
- 5 2801 et seq.) (as amended by section 603) is amended
- 6 by adding at the end the following:
- 7 "SEC. 12. COORDINATION OF FEDERAL AGENCIES.
- 8 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in coordination
- 9 with the Attorney General, Federal and tribal law enforce-
- 10 ment agencies, the Indian Health Service, and domestic
- 11 violence or sexual assault victim organizations, shall de-
- 12 velop appropriate victim services and victim advocate
- 13 training programs—
- 14 "(1) to improve domestic violence or sexual
- abuse responses;
- 16 "(2) to improve forensic examinations and col-
- 17 lection;
- 18 "(3) to identify problems or obstacles in the
- 19 prosecution of domestic violence or sexual abuse; and
- 20 "(4) to meet other needs or carry out other ac-
- 21 tivities required to prevent, treat, and improve pros-
- ecutions of domestic violence and sexual abuse.
- 23 "(b) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date
- 24 of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall submit
- 25 to the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate and the

- 1 Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Rep-
- 2 resentatives a report that describes, with respect to the
- 3 matters described in subsection (a), the improvements
- 4 made and needed, problems or obstacles identified, and
- 5 costs necessary to address the problems or obstacles, and
- 6 any other recommendations that the Secretary determines
- 7 to be appropriate.".
- 8 SEC. 605. SEXUAL ASSAULT PROTOCOL.
- 9 Title VIII of the Indian Health Care Improvement
- 10 Act is amended by inserting after section 802 (25 U.S.C.
- 11 1672) the following:
- 12 "SEC. 803. POLICIES AND PROTOCOL.
- 13 "The Director of Service, in coordination with the Di-
- 14 rector of the Office on Violence Against Women of the
- 15 Department of Justice, in consultation with Indian Tribes
- 16 and Tribal Organizations, and in conference with Urban
- 17 Indian Organizations, shall develop standardized sexual
- 18 assault policies and protocol for the facilities of the Serv-
- 19 ice, based on similar protocol that has been established
- 20 by the Department of Justice.".

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